INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES (GRADUATE)

ACTIVE TEACHING DISCIPLINES
For administrative use only; please do not edit federal NCES information below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CIP Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30.0000</td>
<td>Multi-/Interdisciplinary Studies, General</td>
<td>A program that derives from two or more distinct programs and that is integrated around a unifying theme or topic that cannot be subsumed under a single discipline or occupational field.</td>
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Note: More information on the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) taxonomy is available at https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds.cipcode/.

The qualifications described below represent commonly accepted good practices for teaching in the discipline(s) represented in the unit.¹

General description of the unit, including academic programs and course offerings²

Interdisciplinary study and research have long been a hallmark of graduate education at UCF. Faculty and students routinely reach beyond organizational structures to engage with others who share similar research interests and who can provide complementary expertise and perspectives. The complexities of many research questions require such multidisciplinary, organic configurations of researchers, and the need to prepare our graduate students for future research environments obligates the College of Graduate Studies to promote interdisciplinary education at UCF.

To this end, the college offers master of arts and master of science degrees in interdisciplinary studies, which allow students the flexibility to develop an individually tailored plan of study that culminates in either a thesis or a nonthesis experience, depending on students’ future goals. The thesis option concludes with a scholarly publication that includes original research, providing excellent preparation for future doctoral study or research-oriented careers. The nonthesis option culminates in a capstone experience that prepares students for applied, non-research-oriented careers.

Qualifying degree(s) for each discipline taught in the unit²

A terminal degree in the teaching discipline qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline at the undergraduate and graduate levels.⁴

The unique nature of the program, combined with a relative scarcity of doctoral degrees in interdisciplinary studies, means that faculty preparation is varied. A terminal degree in virtually any discipline with interdisciplinary experience or research qualifies a faculty member to teach the program’s core interdisciplinary courses.
Broadly related discipline(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

Specialization qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline (typically five or more courses on distinct topics).

N/A

Selectively related discipline(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

Specialization qualifies a faculty member to teach a restricted set of courses in the teaching discipline (typically four or fewer courses on distinct topics).

N/A

Justification for use of faculty members with “other” teaching qualifications and additional information

In addition to a terminal degree, faculty members teaching the program’s core interdisciplinary courses must have documented experience teaching, conducting research, and publishing across disciplines.

1. The unit chair or director, in consultation with unit faculty members, is responsible for identifying and articulating commonly accepted good practices in each of the unit’s teaching disciplines and for providing appropriate justification as needed. In the case of an emerging discipline for which common collegiate practice has not yet been established, a compelling case must be made, as necessary, to substantiate the claims presented.

2. Please provide a general description of the unit’s course and program offerings at the undergraduate and graduate levels (e.g., degree and certificate programs, minors, unit contributions to interdisciplinary core courses). This section may also be used to provide other pertinent information about the unit and the discipline(s) it represents (e.g., discipline accreditation, faculty research emphases).

3. For each discipline taught in the unit, please list those degrees that are regarded by the respective disciplinary community as terminal degrees in the discipline and thus qualify a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of that discipline at the undergraduate and graduate levels. In most fields, a terminal degree is the commonly accepted highest degree in the given field of study. In such instances, the terminal degree is usually considered to be the academic (or research) doctorate (e.g., doctor of philosophy). However, some academic fields have, through custom, recognized terminal degrees that are not doctorates (e.g., master of fine arts, master of social work). Note that terminal degrees in other disciplines may also be appropriate for teaching in the discipline, but such credentials should be listed as broadly or selectively related degrees, as appropriate.

4. A nonterminal master’s degree in the teaching discipline qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline at the undergraduate level but not at the graduate level.

5. Please use this section to provide justification that helps to make the case for special circumstances that apply to the unit, including the use of faculty members qualified to teach by “other” means. Typically, the statements provided in this section should be of a general nature and should not address specific individuals. (Justification for specific individuals is typically handled separately during the teaching certification process.) Please cite appropriate authorities as needed to justify the unit’s practices (e.g., discipline accreditation guidelines, governmental regulations).

When a faculty member cannot be qualified to teach on the basis of academic credentials (i.e., degrees, course work) alone, qualifications other than academic credentials (or combined with academic credentials) that are appropriate for teaching particular courses may be taken into consideration. Such consideration of other teaching qualifications in conjunction with or in lieu of academic credentials must be made on a case-by-case basis. These cases should be exceptional, and the evidence provided of other demonstrated competencies and achievements must be compelling. They should also show significant evidence of professional progress as related to the faculty member’s teaching assignment.