



FACULTY TEACHING QUALIFICATIONS

DISCIPLINE DESCRIPTION

MATHEMATICS

ACTIVE TEACHING DISCIPLINES

For administrative use only; please do *not* edit federal NCES information below.

CIP Code	Title	Definition
27.0101	Mathematics, General	A general program that focuses on the analysis of quantities, magnitudes, forms, and their relationships, using symbolic logic and language. Includes instruction in algebra, calculus, functional analysis, geometry, number theory, logic, topology and other mathematical specializations.

Note: More information on the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) taxonomy is available at <https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds.cipcode/>.

The qualifications described below represent commonly accepted good practices for teaching in the discipline(s) represented in the unit.¹

Section 1. General description of the unit, including academic programs and course offerings²

The Department of Mathematics offers a baccalaureate degree program in mathematics, with opportunities for specialization in computational mathematics, mathematical biology, mathematical economics, and mathematics for engineering and physics; a master's degree program in mathematical science, with opportunities for specialization in financial mathematics and industrial mathematics; a doctoral degree program in mathematics, with an opportunity for specialization in financial mathematics; and a graduate certificate in mathematics.

Faculty members and students are actively engaged in many areas of research, including algebra, approximation, combinatorics and graph theory, computational methods, control theory, differential equations, differential geometry, functional and harmonic analysis, mathematical biology, mathematical physics, nonlinear waves, numerical analysis, optimization, probability and statistics, and special functions.

Section 2. Qualifying degree(s) for each discipline taught in the unit³

*A terminal degree in the teaching discipline qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline at the undergraduate and graduate levels.*⁴

The doctoral degree (e.g., Doctor of Philosophy) with a major in mathematics or a related subdiscipline (e.g., applied mathematics, computational mathematics, mathematical science, probability and mathematical statistics) represents the terminal degree in the discipline.

Section 3. Broadly related discipline(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

Specialization qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline (typically five or more courses on distinct topics).

Faculty members with degrees in any of the following disciplines, with at least 18 successfully completed graduate semester hours in mathematics, may be qualified to teach throughout the broad scope of the discipline, according to the level of their degree (master's for undergraduate, doctoral for graduate):

- Algorithms, combinatorics, and optimization
- Computational science and engineering
- Computer science
- Data science
- Electrical engineering
- Industrial engineering
- Physics
- Statistics

Section 4. Selectively related discipline(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

Specialization qualifies a faculty member to teach a restricted set of courses in the teaching discipline (typically four or fewer courses on distinct topics).

Faculty members with degrees in any of the following disciplines, with at least 18 successfully completed graduate semester hours in mathematics, may be qualified to teach a restricted set of courses related to their area of expertise, according to the level of their degree (master's for undergraduate, doctoral for graduate):

- Economics
- Engineering sciences
- Finance
- Higher education
- Mathematics education

Generally, faculty members with specializations in these fields may be qualified to teach introductory mathematics courses at the undergraduate level as well as some highly specialized graduate-level courses.

Section 5. Justification for use of faculty members with “other” teaching qualifications and additional information⁵

The department considers other teaching qualifications in conjunction with or in lieu of academic credentials on a case-by-case basis. This is acceptable in special cases in which evidence of a faculty member's exceptional industry experience, research, or other qualifications can be documented, and in which those qualifications are directly applicable to the course or courses being taught. For example, some faculty members may be qualified to teach introductory mathematics courses by virtue of a master's degree in education and a bachelor's degree in mathematics.

1. The unit chair or director, in consultation with unit faculty members, is responsible for identifying and articulating commonly accepted good practices in each of the unit's teaching disciplines and for providing appropriate justification as needed. In the case of an emerging discipline for which common collegiate practice has not yet been established, a compelling case must be made, as necessary, to substantiate the claims presented.

2. Please provide a general description of the unit's course and program offerings at the undergraduate and graduate levels (e.g., degree and certificate programs, minors, unit contributions to interdisciplinary core courses). This section may also be used to provide other pertinent information about the unit and the discipline(s) it represents (e.g., discipline accreditation, faculty research emphases).

3. For each discipline taught in the unit, please list those degrees that are regarded by the respective disciplinary community as terminal degrees in the discipline and thus qualify a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of that discipline at the undergraduate and graduate levels. In most fields, a terminal degree is the commonly accepted highest degree in the given field of study. In such instances, the terminal degree is usually considered to be the academic (or research) doctorate (e.g., Doctor of Philosophy). However, some academic fields have, through custom, recognized terminal degrees that are not doctorates (e.g., Master of Fine Arts, Master of Social Work). Note that terminal degrees in other disciplines may also be appropriate for teaching in the discipline, but such credentials should be listed as broadly or selectively related degrees, as appropriate.

4. A nonterminal master's degree in the teaching discipline qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline at the undergraduate level but not at the graduate level.

5. Please use this section to provide justification that helps to make the case for special circumstances that apply to the unit, including the use of faculty members qualified to teach by "other" means. Typically, the statements provided in this section should be of a general nature and should not address specific individuals. (Justification for specific individuals is typically handled separately during the teaching certification process.) Please cite appropriate authorities as needed to justify the unit's practices (e.g., discipline accreditation guidelines, governmental regulations).

When a faculty member cannot be qualified to teach on the basis of academic credentials (i.e., degrees, coursework) alone, qualifications other than academic credentials (or combined with academic credentials) that are appropriate for teaching particular courses may be taken into consideration. Such consideration of other teaching qualifications in conjunction with or in lieu of academic credentials must be made on a case-by-case basis. These cases should be exceptional, and the evidence provided of other demonstrated competencies and achievements must be compelling. They should also show significant evidence of professional progress as related to the faculty member's teaching assignment.