PHILOSOPHY

ACTIVE TEACHING DISCIPLINES
For administrative use only; please do not edit federal NCES information below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CIP Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24.0103</td>
<td>Humanities/Humanistic Studies</td>
<td>A program that focuses on combined studies and research in the humanities subjects as distinguished from the social and physical sciences, emphasizing languages, literatures, art, music, philosophy and religion.</td>
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<tr>
<td>38.0101</td>
<td>Philosophy</td>
<td>A program that focuses on ideas and their logical structure, including arguments and investigations about abstract and real phenomena. Includes instruction in logic, ethics, aesthetics, epistemology, metaphysics, symbolism, and history of philosophy, and applications to the theoretical foundations and methods of other disciplines.</td>
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<tr>
<td>38.0201</td>
<td>Religion/Religious Studies</td>
<td>A program that focuses on the nature of religious belief and specific religious and quasi-religious systems. Includes instruction in phenomenology; the sociology, psychology, philosophy, anthropology, literature and art of religion; mythology; scriptural and textual studies; religious history and politics; and specific studies of particular faith communities and their behavior.</td>
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Note: More information on the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) taxonomy is available at https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds.cipcode/.

The qualifications described below represent commonly accepted good practices for teaching in the discipline(s) represented in the unit.¹

Section 1. General description of the unit, including academic programs and course offerings²

The Department of Philosophy offers undergraduate and graduate programs in humanities and cultural studies, philosophy, religion and cultural studies, cognitive sciences, and ethics. Faculty and students in the department pursue knowledge across diverse disciplines, with programs designed to emphasize the theoretical skills and knowledge to engage with complex issues of our time and to provide a foundation for the pursuit of professional and academic goals in many fields, including teaching, law, publishing, nonprofit management, information studies, and technology.
Section 2. Qualifying degree(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

A terminal degree in the teaching discipline qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline at the undergraduate and graduate levels.

### Humanities/Humanistic Studies
- Ph.D. in humanities

### Philosophy
- Ph.D. in philosophy

### Religion/Religious Studies
- Ph.D. in religion or religious studies
- Ph.D. in theology or theological studies

Section 3. Broadly related discipline(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

Specialization qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline (typically five or more courses on distinct topics).

Faculty members with degrees in any of the following disciplines may be qualified to teach courses in humanities and humanistic studies, according to the level of their degree (master’s for undergraduate, doctoral for graduate):

- Art history
- Comparative literature
- English
- Ethnic studies
- History
- Philosophy
- Religion or religious studies
- Texts and technology
- Theology or theological studies
- Women’s and gender studies

Section 4. Selectively related discipline(s) for each discipline taught in the unit

Specialization qualifies a faculty member to teach a restricted set of courses in the teaching discipline (typically four or fewer courses on distinct topics).

Faculty members with degrees in any of the following disciplines may be qualified to teach courses in the cognitive sciences, according to the level of their degree (master’s for undergraduate, doctoral for graduate):

- Cognitive science
- Computer science
- Linguistics
- Neuroscience
- Philosophy
- Physical anthropology
- Psychology
Section 5. Justification for use of faculty members with “other” teaching qualifications and additional information

The department considers other teaching qualifications in lieu of or in conjunction with academic credentials on a case-by-case basis. This is acceptable in special cases in which evidence of a faculty member’s exceptional industry experience, research, or other qualifications can be documented, and in which those qualifications are directly applicable to the course or courses being taught.

1. The unit chair or director, in consultation with unit faculty members, is responsible for identifying and articulating commonly accepted good practices in each of the unit’s teaching disciplines and for providing appropriate justification as needed. In the case of an emerging discipline for which common collegiate practice has not yet been established, a compelling case must be made, as necessary, to substantiate the claims presented.

2. Please provide a general description of the unit’s course and program offerings at the undergraduate and graduate levels (e.g., degree and certificate programs, minors, unit contributions to interdisciplinary core courses). This section may also be used to provide other pertinent information about the unit and the discipline(s) it represents (e.g., discipline accreditation, faculty research emphases).

3. For each discipline taught in the unit, please list those degrees that are regarded by the respective disciplinary community as terminal degrees in the discipline and thus qualify a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of that discipline at the undergraduate and graduate levels. In most fields, a terminal degree is the commonly accepted highest degree in the given field of study. In such instances, the terminal degree is usually considered to be the academic (or research) doctorate (e.g., doctor of philosophy). However, some academic fields have, through custom, recognized terminal degrees that are not doctorates (e.g., master of fine arts, master of social work). Note that terminal degrees in other disciplines may also be appropriate for teaching in the discipline, but such credentials should be listed as broadly or selectively related degrees, as appropriate.

4. A nonterminal master’s degree in the teaching discipline qualifies a faculty member to teach throughout the broad scope of the teaching discipline at the undergraduate level but not at the graduate level.

5. Please use this section to provide justification that helps to make the case for special circumstances that apply to the unit, including the use of faculty members qualified to teach by “other” means. Typically, the statements provided in this section should be of a general nature and should not address specific individuals. (Justification for specific individuals is typically handled separately during the teaching certification process.) Please cite appropriate authorities as needed to justify the unit’s practices (e.g., discipline accreditation guidelines, governmental regulations).

When a faculty member cannot be qualified to teach on the basis of academic credentials (i.e., degrees, coursework) alone, qualifications other than academic credentials (or combined with academic credentials) that are appropriate for teaching particular courses may be taken into consideration. Such consideration of other teaching qualifications in conjunction with or in lieu of academic credentials must be made on a case-by-case basis. These cases should be exceptional, and the evidence provided of other demonstrated competencies and achievements must be compelling. They should also show significant evidence of professional progress as related to the faculty member’s teaching assignment.